Supporting Material

for Context-Aware Modeling and Recognition of Activities in Video

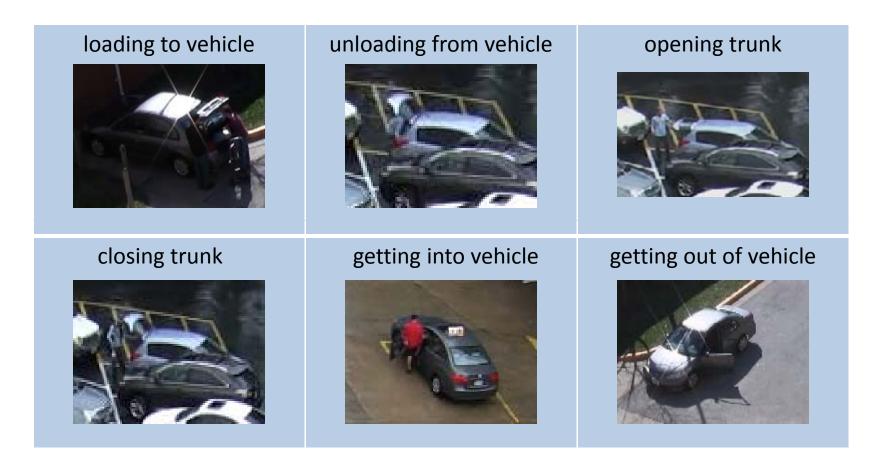


Figure 1. Examples of activities incorrectly recognized by SFG method [9], but correctly recognized by the proposed approach (related example results for Figure 7 in Section 5.4 in the paper).

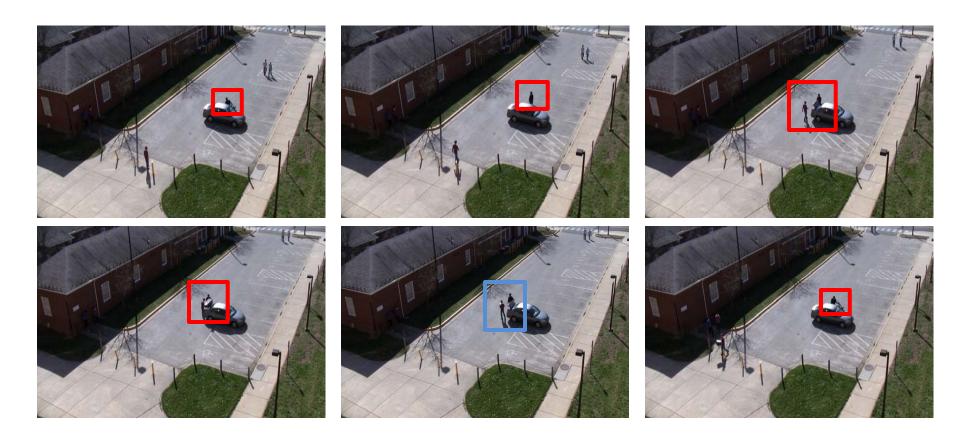


Figure 3. Localization and recognition results on an testing activity set. Red bounding boxes indicate the locations of activities that are correctly recognized. Blue bounding boxes indicate the locations of activities that are incorrectly recognized. The activities (from left to right and top to bottom) are "person getting out of a vehicle", "background activity", "person opening a vehicle trunk", "person unloading from a vehicle", "person closing an vehicle trunk" and "person getting into a vehicle" (related example results for the experiment in Section 5.5).

getting into vehicle loading an object opening trunk Correctly recognized by the baseline classifier (NDM+SVM) Incorrectly recognized unloading an object opening trunk getting into vehicle baseline by the classifier, but rectified by using intra-activity context feature closing trunk Incorrectly recognized getting out of vehicle getting into vehicle by the baseline classifier + intra-activity but rectified context, by using inter-activity context feature

Figure 2. Examples show the effect of context features in recognizing activities that were incorrectly recognized by the baseline (NDM+SVM) classifier (related example results for Section 5.5 of the first six activities defined in VIRAT Dataset Release 2).



Figure 4. Examples show the effect of context features in recognizing activities that were incorrectly recognized by the baseline (NDM+SVM) classifier (related example results for Section 5.5 of the additional five activities defined in VIRAT Dataset Release 2).